(b) No, Sir.

(c) and (d) Governments of Assam and U.P. have banned its cultivation and sale. The State Governments of Maharashtra, Madhya Pradesh, Bihar and West Bengal have been advised to impose a ban on the cultivation|marketing of Kesri Dal. There is provision under Prevention of Food Adulteration Act (PFA) 1944 Rule 1955 for imposing a ban on marketing of Kesri Dal.

Progress of the Indira Awas Yojana in Orissa

2219. SHRI KAHNU CHARAN LENKA: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleeasd to state:

(a) the number of houses constructed so far in Orissa under the Indira Awas Yojana;

(b) the amount allotted and spent so far in Orissa;

(c) whether Government propose to extend the Indira Awas Yojana to those cities in the country where poor people live in Jhuggi-Jhonpris and Kachcha houses; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI JANARDHAN POOJARI):(a) On the basis of information received from the State Government, 18139 number of houses are reported to have been constructed till March, 1989.

(b) Resources allocated to Orissa under Indira Awaas Yojana so far is Rs. 2699.75 lakhs. Out of this, they are reported to have spent Rs. 2162.48 lakhs till March, 1989.

(c) No, Sir.

(d) Question does not arise.

Withdrawal of 30,000 children working in Ten Specific Projects

2220. SHRIMATI BIJOYA CHAKRAVARTY: Will the Minister of LABOUR be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government propose to withdraw 30,000 children working in Ten Specific Projects and to look after them; and

(b) if so, whether the proposal has been executed and what is the total number of children so far withdrawn?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LABOUR AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SHRI RADHAKRISHAN MALAVIYA : (a) and (b) The Government have formulated a National Child Labour Policy under which nine projects for the benefit of children working in the following industries have been sanctoined:—

(i) the match industry in Sivakasi, Tamil Nadu;

(ii) the precious stone polishing industry in Jaipur, Rajasthan;

(iii) the glass industry in Ferozabad, Uttar Pradesh;

(iv) the brassware industry in Moradabad, Uttar Pradesh;

(v) the handmade carpet industry in Mirzapur-Bhadohi, Uttar Pradesh;

(vi) the lock making industry in Aligarh, Uttar Pradesh;

(vii) the slate industry in Markapur, Andhra Pradesh;

(viii) the slate industry in Mandsaur, Madhya Pradesh; and

(ix) the tile manufacturing industry in Jaggampet, Andhra Pradesh.

As part of these projects special schools have been set up to provide the children withdrawn from employment in thesee industries with non-formal education, vocational training supplementary nutrition and health care. The details of the number of such special schools so far set up, and the number of children covered. are given in the attached statement.

Statement

Sl.No.	Name of the Project	Number of special schools sanctioned so far and number of children covered
1	Sivakasi Child Labour Project	22 (1500 children)
2	Jaipur Child Labour Project	20 (1000 children)
3	Mandsaur Child Labour Project	4 (200 children)
4	Markapur Child Labour Project	20 (1000 children)
5	Mirzapur-Bhadohi Child Labour Project	10 (500 children)
6	Moradabad Child Labour Project	..
7	Aligarh Child Labour Project	..
8	Ferozabad Child Labour Project	2 (1000 children)
9	Jaggampet Child Labour Project	..
	TOTAL:	78 schools (4,300 children)

Norms for supply of rice, sugar and oil to various States and Union Territories

2221. DR. BAPU KALDATE: Will the Minister of FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have laid down any norms or quota for the supply of rice, sugar and oil to various States and Union Territories;

(b) if so, what are the details thereof;

(c) the quantity supplied to Maharashtra during January to June, 1989, month-wise and item-wise;

(d) whether the Government of Maharashtra have requested to increase the quota;

(e) if so, whether the demand of the Government of Maharashtra have been conceded; and

(f) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE OF THE MINISTRY OF FOOD AND CIVIL SUPPLIES (SHRI SUKH RAM): (a) and (b) Allocations of rice from the Central Pool are made no a month to month basis taking into account the overall availability of stocks in the Central Pool relative needs of various states, market availability and other related factors. These are, however, only supplemental to open market availability.

Allocations of levy sugar are made on the basis of a uniform norm of 425 gms per capita monthly availability for projected population as on 1-10-86, effective from 1-2-87.

Allocation of imported edible oils are made keeping in view the demand from a state government/union territory, availability and prices of indigenous edible oils in the open market, stocks of oil with the Government Agencies, pace of lifting of oils allocated earlier and other related factors. The allocation is meant to supplement the availability of indigenous edible oils at reasonable prices and not to meet the entire demand of the States/Union Territories.